

## 2001 Ozone

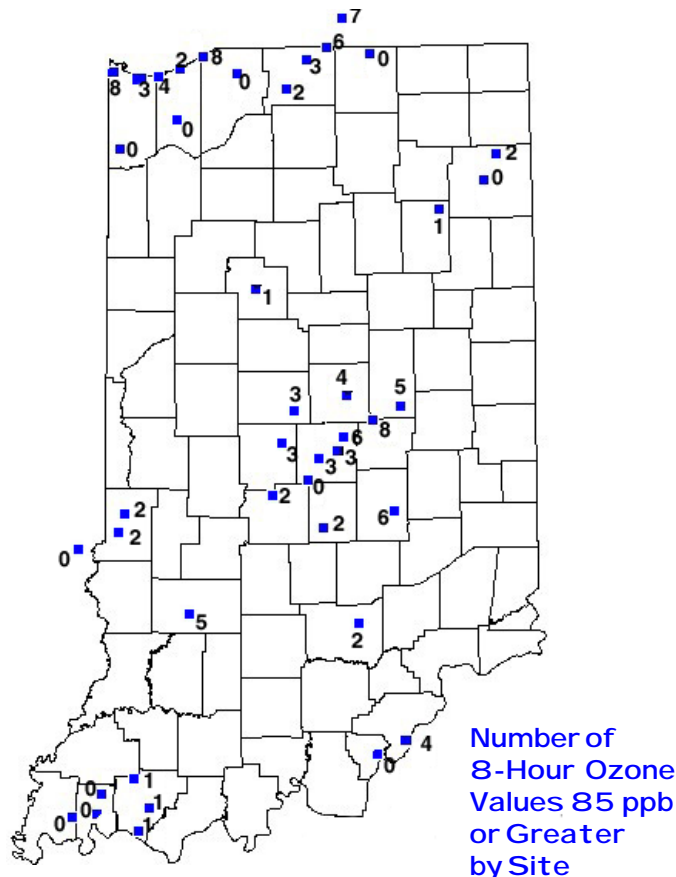
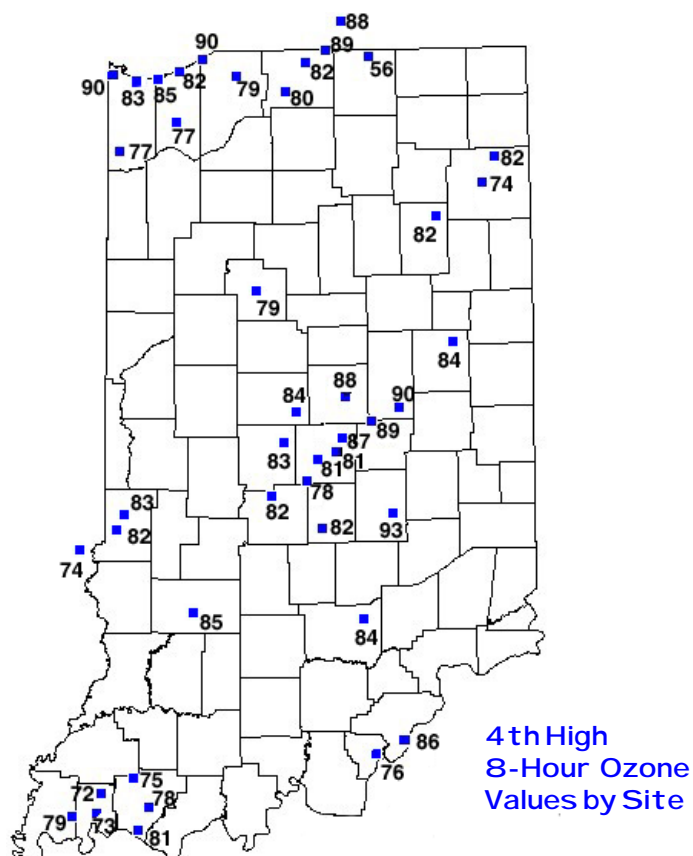


## Season Report

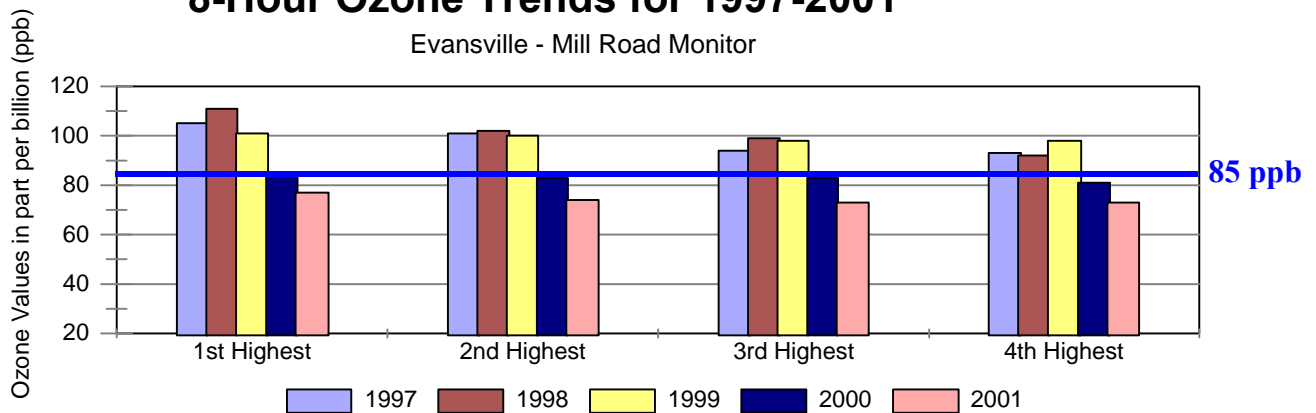
This report provides a summary of ozone levels (smog) throughout Indiana during the 2001 ozone season (May 1-September 30). The four Indiana counties where air quality exceeded the one-hour ozone standard in previous years met the one-hour ozone standard in 2001. Clark and Floyd counties were redesignated to attainment in October and U.S. EPA approved an attainment demonstration for Lake and Porter counties in November. Indiana has seven regions in the state where ozone levels exceed the new eight-hour ozone standard established by U.S. EPA in 1997. The eight-hour standard is 85 parts per billion (ppb) and is based on an average of the 4th highest 8-hour ozone readings over a three year period. While implementation of the eight-hour standard has been delayed by a lawsuit, IDEM and the public continue to take action to reduce pollutants that cause ozone and improve air quality throughout Indiana.

The Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM) collects data from 42 ozone monitors across Indiana, including three new monitors installed at the beginning of the 2001 ozone season. Two new monitors were installed to assess air quality in Vigo County Area, one in Sandcut and the second in West Union, Illinois. The third new monitor was installed in Carroll County at Flora. Across Indiana the highest fourth high, 8-hour reading was 93 ppb recorded at the Fairland monitor in Shelby County. The highest number of days in which the 8-hour standard was exceeded at a monitor was 8 days. The Fortville, Hammond, and Michigan City monitors each exceeded the 8-hour standard 8 days in 2001.

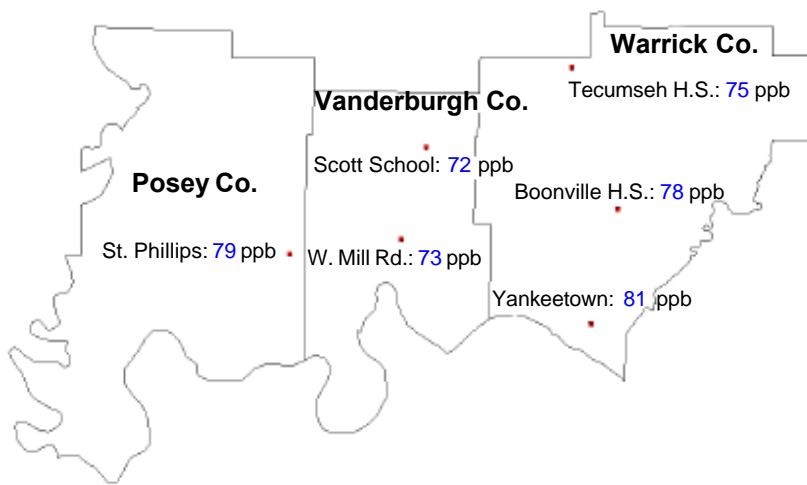
The maps below show the fourth highest 8-hour concentration at each monitor and the number of days in 2001 in which ozone values greater than 85 ppb were measured at each site.



## 8-Hour Ozone Trends for 1997-2001



### Southwest Indiana 2001 Ozone Values 4th Highest 8-Hour Readings



The Clean Air Act states that nonattainment designations will be based on three years of data. The chart above illustrates the top four ozone values recorded at the Evansville - Mill Road monitor for 1997-2001. The Mill Road and Yankeetown monitors have the highest three year average of fourth high ozone readings in this area. Southwest Indiana may be at risk for being classified nonattainment by the U.S. EPA.

## What Can You Do?

**1. Get active in ozone planning for your community.** Contact the Evansville EPA Ozone Awareness program to receive local information about taking a proactive approach to reduce ozone and improve air quality. Call IDEM at the number listed below for more information on how to get involved.

**2. Get in the know about ozone levels.** During ozone season, listen or watch for Ozone Action Day information on your local radio and TV stations. You can even get daily ozone readings, forecasts, and monitor data from Indiana's Smog Watch web site. Check out the Smog Watch Web site at <http://www.in.gov/idem/air/smog> or call our toll-free Smog Watch Forecast Line at (800) 631-2871.

**3. Reduce your impact.** Ride share; fill up the car or mow your lawn after dusk; and go inside the bank or restaurant instead of using the drive-thru. By making these efforts you can help reduce your impact on high ozone days. For more information on Indiana's ground-level ozone monitoring or voluntary education programs, contact Amy Morris, Indiana Department of Environmental Management at (800) 451-6027, ask for extension 3-6870 or [amorris@dem.state.in.us](mailto:amorris@dem.state.in.us).

